# vhAssets

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# Overview

vhAssets is a collection of redistributable Unity package files:

- vhAssetsTestScenePackage sample scene that shows how to setup a SmartBody driven character in Unity. Requires one of the platform packages below.
- vhAssetsPackage Windows platform specific package
- vhAssetsPackageOSX Mac OS X platform specific package
- vhAssetsPackageIOS Apple iOS platform specific package
- vhAssetsPackageAndroid Android platform specific package

The Toolkit uses Unity as it's primary rendering engine. It can run in Unity Free or Unity Pro. For Unity Free, we interface with SmartBody using 'bonebus mode'. For Unity Pro, we access SmartBody directly using a .dll.

Functionality that the vhAssetsPackage provides:

- SmartBody interface
- VHMsg interface
- VHCL Audio interface
- · Asset Post-Processors that ease pipeline integration
- Resolution independent UI classes
- Interactive Debug Panel
- Customizable Free Mouse Look
- .ini file configuration
- Loading Screen
- Performance time demo tests
- File Parsing
- Application setup point
- Customizable build process
- · FPS and Memory Debug Info

#### **First Time Installation**

- 1. Bring the .unityPackage file inside of your Unity project Assets folder
- 2. Double click it
- 3. Click Import
- 4. Add all the imported files into svn

#### Upgrading

Upgrading .unitypackage files is a little more difficult. This quote from the Unity docs explains it:

"For the cleanest possible upgrade, it should be considered to remove the old package contents first, as some scripts, effects or prefabs might have become deprecated or unneeded and Unity packages don't have a way of deleting (unneeded) files (but make sure to have a security copy of the old version available)."

The easiest way I've found is to use the approach the SVN docs recommend for vendor branch upgrades.

- 1. remove all files from the folders you are upgrading (leaving the .svn folders)
- 2. install the .unitypackage as normal
- 3. bring up the SVN Commit dialog. Then SVN Add all 'non-versioned' files, and SVN Delete all 'missing' files.

# Users

Through the Unity Editor, many variables of vhAssets script components can be customized

# DebugConsole

Captures all SmartBody and Unity log ouput and display it to user. Also can be used to send commands. Type '?' for a list of available commands.

Variable Name	Purpose	Value Range	
Percentage Of Screen	The amount of vertical space that the debug console GUI will span	float 0 - 1	

### FreeMouseLook

Variable Name	Purpose	Value Range
Axes	Specifies which axes the camera can rotate around	MouseX, MouseY, MouseXAndY
Sensitivity X/Y	Angular velocity for camera rotation	float
Movement Speed	Linear velocity for camera movement	float
Secondary Movement	Linear velocity for camera movement when holding the left shift key	float
Maximum X//Y	Max angle the camera can rotate on an axis before being clamped	-360 to +360
Minimum X/Y	Min angle the camera can rotate on an axis before being clamped	-360 to +360
Camera Rotation On	Enables/Disables camera rotation from mouse movement: True or False	True/False
Move Keys	Allows specification for which keys are used to make the camera move	KeyCode
	up, down, left, right, forward, backward, and toggle rotation on/off	

# **Loading Screen**

Provides functionality for full screen image

# VHWayPointNavigator

Variable Name	Purpose	Value Range
Speed	Linear movement rate at which you move between waypoints	float
Turn Towards Target	Turn to face your next waypoint target.	True/False
Ignore Height	Only move to next waypoint along the x/z axes	True/False
Immediately Start Pathing	Start Pathing: As soon as the scene starts, start moving	True/False
Loop Туре	Action to take upon reaching the last way point of the path	Loop, Ping Pong, Stop
Pather	The gameobject that will do the moving	GameObject
WayPoints	The list of transforms that will be used as waypoints for the pather to move along	GameObject

# VHTimeDemo

Works with VHWayPointNavigator and FpsCounter to track performance along a specified path in the scene and then uploads fps/performance data to a database

Variable Name	Purpose	Value Range
Time Demo Name	Identifying name of this time demo. Used for starting a specific time demo through the console or command line	string
Performance Log Name	The filename for the output log from unity's performance tracking	string
Project Name	Specifies the project this demo is used for	string
Time Demo Length	The amount of time it will take for the time demo to complete once started	positive float
Fps Sampling Rate	How often the fps will be sampled during the time demo	positive float

# SmartBodyManager

Interfaces with SmartBody.dll to provide SmartBody character animation to unity

Variable Name	Purpose	Value Range
Path To SBM Files	The directory in which SmartBody should look for initialization files. Starting directory is the current unity project folder	string
Character Load Path	Project subdirectory in which character prefabs should be instantiated from	string
Position Scale	Units of measurement between SmartBody and unity can sometimes be different based on how the art was exported.	positive float
	If there is a difference, it can be mitigated with this variable	
Display Log Messages	Toggle for allowing SmartBody LOGs to be output to unity.	True/False
All Facebone Characters	Toggle for making all unity SmartBody driven characters facebone drive or not	True/False
Cam Settings	Used for the SBMonitor to duplicate the renderer viewport and camera	positive float
Initial VHMsgs to Send	VHMsgs that will get sent as soon as SmartBody is initialized	string

# **UnitySmartBodyCharacter**

Works with SmartBodyManager to have a SmartBody driven character inside of unity

Variable Name	Purpose	Value Range
Bone Parent Name	Child gameobject name path that will lead to the skeleton root	string
Is Face Bone Driven:	Toggle that informs SmartBody whether or not this character is face bone driven	True/False

# VHMsgManager

Interfaces with VHMsg that allows communication via strings between processes

Variable Name	Purpose	Value Range
Use Specified Host and Port	If checked, the Host and Port specified will be used on connection, otherwise localhost and 61611 will be used	True/False
Host	Host to connect to	string
Port	Port to connect to	positive int

# Developers

# Loading vhAssets Scene

- Open Unity
   File->Open Project (this may already be done for you if this is the first time you've launched Unity)

- 3. On the Open Project tab, click the Open Other button.
- 4. Navigate to the vhAssets Unity Project here: <VHToolkit>\lib\vhunity\vhAssets
- 5. Click Select Folder
- 6. In the Project column, double click on vhAssetsTestScene.
- 7. Click Play

# Creating your own Project using the vhAssets Unity Package

- 1. Open Unity
- 2. File->New Project
- 3. You need 2 Unity Packages to start with. You'll find all packages here: </HToolkit>\bin\vhAssets. Copy them to <your project>\Assets.
- 4. First, is the vhAssets package. This contains common scripts and libraries used in various Virtual Humans applications. There is a different .
  - unitypackage file for each platform.
    - a. vhAssetsPackage.unityPackage (Windows)
    - b. vhAssetsPackageOSX.unityPackage
    - c. vhAssetsPackageIOS.unityPackage
    - d. vhAssetsPackageAndroid.unityPackage
- 5. Second, is the vhAssets Test Scene. This contains assets and scripts that will initialize a very basic test scene environment. This file
  - is: vhAssetsTestScenePackage.unityPackage
- 6. Copy the 2 Unity Packages to this new project.
- 7. In Unity, in the 'Project' column, double click on the 2 Unity Packages.
- 8. Open Scenes->vhAssetsTestScene
- 9. Click Play. The virtual human should be animating in an idle pose. Hit 'C' to show a debug menu. You should be able to control him via the buttons on the debug menu.

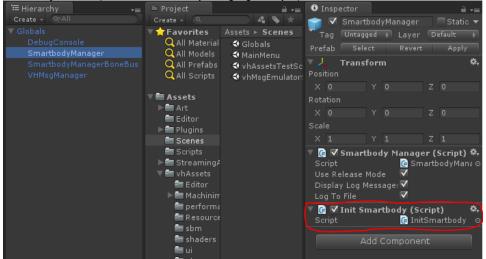
# Creating your own Virtual Human (Smartbody)

Creating your own Virtual Human has different meanings to different groups. Some people want to use the existing characters that we supply, but only change certain features like giving them a different voice, or a different colored shirt. Others groups want to use a different character, but the character was created using a standard character package that we already support (Mixamo, etc). Others want to use a completely different character with a unique skeleton, etc. These instructions will attempt to explain the different features and how to customize based on your needs.

The easiest way to use your own Virtual Human is to create a Unity Project using the included .unitypackages as a starting point. From here, you can add /change features on the default character, or bring in your own and customize using the existing character for reference.

#### Smartbody initialization

• SmartbodyInit class (Attached to SmartbodyManager gameobject)



asset paths

joint mapping

mapped skeletons/motions

• SmartbodyCharacterInit class (Attached to each character gameobject)

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- ° skeleton name (.sk)

- skeleton name (.sk)
  voice type (prerecorded audio or tts)
  voice "code" (path to audio files or tts voice name)
  backup voice type and backup "code" (if prerecorded audio file is not found, you can use TTS as a backup)
  starting posture
  locomotion information

#### • SmartbodyFaceDefinition class (Attached to each character gameobject)

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- defines visemes and facial expressions for the character.
   visemes and facial expression are single pose animations (.skm) for doing blended lip-sync and expressions.
   neutral pose, action units and visemes

#### • SoundNode gameobject

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- Empty gameobject named 'SoundNode' attached as a child of the character's gameobject
- Attach a Sound Source script to the SoundNode gameobject
- Manually position the SoundNode gameobject where you want the character's speech to originate (eg, his mouth)

#### **Character Configuration**

Every character should have a script associated with him which specifies the attributes of the character. This class is derived from the SmartbodyCharacterInit class. It specifies the following parameters

- unityBoneParent
- assetPath
- skeletonName
- voiceType
- voiceCode
- voiceTypeBackup
- voiceCodeBackup
- useVisemeCurves
- startingPosture

The parameters allow us to configure the character correctly with respect to smartbody. Please take a look at the 'InitBrad.cs' file for an example of how to configure the character

#### **Changing the Character Voice**

The character can use audio files on a per utterance basis, or it can use a TTS generated voice. If using audio files, the voiceType parameter in the above mentioned configuration will be set to 'audiofile' and the voiceCode parameter will point to the folder containing the sound files for the character.

e.g. in the case of the character Brad, His voice files are under the folder "Sounds". This folder contains the audio files and the corresponding .bml and . xml files which are the lipsynch schedule and the non-verbal behavior respectively.

If you want the character to use the TTS generated voice, you will set the voiceTypeBackup parameter to "remote" and set the voiceCodeBackup parameter to the name of the voice you want to use. The name of this voice can be obtained by looking at the TTSRelay application which prints out the available voices on launching.

When Smartbody cannot find audio files, it defaults to the TTS voice and uses the voice you specified as the characters voice.

#### **Online Motion Retargeting**

Smartbody has the capability of online retargeting motions built for one character to another. This can be done in two steps.

• In your Init script, when setting the assetPaths, the first parameter specifies the skeleton the motions belong to. ie in Rachel's InitRachel.cs, there's a line:

assetPaths.Add(new KeyValuePair<string, string>("ChrRachel.sk", "Art/Characters/SB/ChrRachel"));

This says to load all the motions in the ChrRachel folder and assign them to the ChrRachel.sk skeleton.

If you want to retarget Brad's motions to Rachel, you need to add another line:

assetPaths.Add(new KeyValuePair<string, string>("ChrBrad.sk", "Art/Characters/SB/ChrBrad"));

This says the motions in the ChrBrad folder are for the ChrBrad.sk skeleton, and they should be retargeted to ChrRachel.sk.

 On the character's gameobject, for each source skeleton that you use for retargeting, you need to set the skeleton mapping on that skeleton. For example, if you look at Rachel's gameobject, you'll see two skeleton mapping components. Each one is a Zebra2 mapping, but one is for ChrRachel.sk and one is for ChrBrad.sk since Rachel uses both ChrRachel and ChrBrad motions.

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After doing these two steps, you should be able to use one character's motions on another. In the above example, you should be able to play a motion like ChrBrad@ldle01\_ArmStretch01.skm on Rachel, eg:

SmartbodyManager.SBPlayAnim("Rachel", "ChrBrad@Idle01\_ArmStretch01.skm");

# Creating your own Virtual Human (Mecanim)

A new scene entitled "mecanim" has been added to the vhAssets package which displays 2 of the Brad character, one driven by the Smartbody animation system and the other by Unity's Mecanim animation system. This scene is currently in development but can be used as a guide for how to setup a mecanim character. This scene needs to be loaded through the MainMenu scene to work properly. Alternatively, you can manually activate the SmartbodyManager, VHMsgManager, and DebugConsole objects.

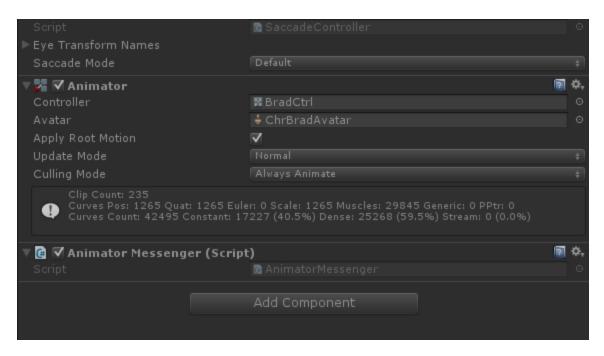


### Setup

Select a gameobject and add the MecanimCharacter component to it. By adding this one component, other components required to make the character nod, blink, gaze, etc will automatically be added. Make sure there is a gameobject with the MecanimManager component in the scene as well.

For an example of how to setup a mecanim driven character, click on the gameobject ChrBradPrefab\_Mecanim in the mecanim scene. Also add a child game object called "SoundNode" and attach an audio source to it. Again, see ChrBradPrefab\_Mecanim as a reference.

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#### Testing

Use the UI menu on the left side of the screen to test animations, nods, gazes, saccades, and lip sync.

#### **Mecanim Help**

For information on Mecanim, please visit Unity's documentation http://docs.unity3d.com/Manual/AnimationOverview.html

### DebugConsole

Add a new command callback for an arbitrary command

To use the console, at run-time hit the ~ key. Type '?' and hit enter to see a list of commands. If you used the code above in your script, you should see "some\_command" in the list. Note, you can pass additional arguments with these commands.

Send arguments with a command while typing in the console

```
vhmsg someMessage
```

# VHMsgManager

Subscribe to a certain type of message

vhmsg.SubscribeMessage("someMessage");

#### Subscribe to all vhmsgs

vhmsg.SubscribeMessage("\*");

```
vhmsg.SendVHMsg("someMessage someParam1");
```

Handle a message

# **Build Process**

You can customize the build process by creating and modifying a BuildSettings.xml file.

- 1. Inside the assets folder in your unity project, create a file called BuildSettings.xml
- 2. In the same folder as the Assets folder within your Unity project create a .bat file with the following lines

```
@setlocal
set PROJECTPATH=%CD%
pushd ..\Unity
call runEditorBatch.bat -projectPath %PROJECTPATH% -batchmode -nographics -quit -executeMethod
UnityStartup.PerformWindowsBuild
popd
@endlocal
```

3. Use the following template for custom modification

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<BuildSettings xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance" xmlns:xsd="http://www.w3.org/2001
/XMLSchema" xmlns="http://www.cpandl.com">
    <ExternalAssetsPaths>
        <string>Assets/SomeDirectory</string>
        <string>Assets/SomeOtherDirectory</string>
        <fExternalAssetsPaths>
        <br/>
        <br/>
```

# BuildSettings.xml Format

Field	Desrcription
ExternalAssetsPaths	Array of folder names that will be copied to the BuildOutputPath. (OPTIONAL)
BuildOutputPath	Path specifying the name and location of the .exe for your build (REQUIRED)
PostBuildScript	A .bat or .exe that will be run after the build process is completed. (OPTIONAL)
ConfigFiles	Array of file names taht will be copied to the BuildOutputPath. (OPTIONAL)

### **Config File Parsing**

You can create a config .ini file in your project and read it using the IniParser class

```
m_ConfigFile = new IniParser(configFileName);
m_ConfigFile.GetSetting("SomeSetting") // returns a string with the value of that setting, if it exists
```

# Known Issues

FAQ

FAQ